

THE TRI-WEEKLY YEOMAN

PUBLISHED BY

S. I. MINNARO.

TERMS:

1. The Tri-Weekly Kentucky Yeoman is published every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at five dollars per annum, invariably in advance. Money may be sent to mail at our risk.

The Weekly Yeoman is published every Friday at two dollars per annum, invariably in advance.

2. Liberal terms to Clubs.

ADVERTISING!

Rates of advertising in Tri-Weekly:
One square, first insertion..... \$1.00
One square, each continuation..... 25
One square, in the Weekly..... 50
One square, 10 lines nonpareil or less, 1 insertion..... \$1.50
or each subsequent insertion..... 50
1/2 Double column advertisements, and ad. notices to occupy a fixed place, 80 per cent additional..... 50
Local notice 20 cents a line each insertion..... 10
Liberal contracts can be made for larger advertisements to be inserted more than once.

J. STODDARD JOHNSTON, Editor.

SATURDAY OCTOBER 21, 1871.

THE FRANKFORT, PARIS, AND BIG SANDY RAILROAD.

Everything which concerns this proposed grand enterprise, which is destined to do so much towards the development of the wealth of a valuable section of the State suffering for the want of trade facilities, is of such interest to our people that we give below the application of Gen. Croxton, its President, to the Louisville city council, for the passing of an ordinance authorizing a vote to be taken for a subscription by that city of \$500,000. It will be seen that the terms are peculiarly favorable, only the small sum of \$25,000 being asked on demand, \$150,000 when the trains run from Frankfort to Georgetown, \$200,000 when they reach Paris, and \$175,000 when they reach Owingsville, none, however, payable beyond the \$25,000 on demand until bona fide subscription shall, including the subscription of Louisville, reach \$1,650,000.

We hope to announce the early and favorable action of the city council on this proposition, and cannot doubt that if the ordinance is submitted it will carry before the people triumphantly.

The sagacious business sense of the leading men of Louisville is thoroughly convinced of the importance of this road to the prosperity of their city, and will be reflected by the popular vote.

The Chesapeake and Ohio road is being rapidly pushed forward to the mouth of the Big Sandy, and will soon be

placed under contract to Owingsville and to Lexington. The proposed route which Louisville is asked to aid is the gap between Frankfort and Owingsville, of sixty-four or

sixty-five miles. If Louisville votes this

subscription, we feel every confidence it will insure the road.

Scott county has already voted a subscription of \$300,000, and Bourbon county,

whenever the question is submitted to a vote of her people, will vote a like sum.

The people of Franklin and Bath will be

called on next in order, and with the com-

pletion of the road, conditioned upon the

comparative light subscriptions they will be

asked to make, we are confident of their

favorable response.

With the completion of the Louisville and St. Louis air-line, now in course of construction, and the Ohio and Chesapeake road ex-

tended virtually along our route, we shall

have one of the great trunk lines of the

continent passing through this section. But

there are local advantages which will suggest

themselves as incidental to the greater and more comprehensive schemes, which ad-

dress themselves to every body along the line.

To Louisville the argument is particularly

strong. The completion of the Maysville

and Paris line will show at once the impor-

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MASONIC.—The Grand Lodge of Kentucky adjourned, in Louisville, on Thursday, after a most satisfactory session of four days. The exhibit of its operations for the past year was highly gratifying, the most perfect harmony prevailing in all departments, and the Order showing a steady growth in numbers and general efficiency. The following officers, for the ensuing year, were elected and installed.

M. W. Ed. B. Jones, of Paducah, G. M.
R. W. Ed. W. Turner, of Richmond, D. G. M.
R. W. Wm. E. Woodruff, of Louisville, G. S. W.
R. W. F. T. Pickett, of Paducah, G. J. W.
W. Albert G. Hodges, of Frankfort, G. Tr.
W. J. M. S. McCorkle, of Louisville, G. Sec.
W. Rev. H. A. M. Henderson, of Frankfort, G. Chap.
R. C. Matthews, of Louisville, G. T.
Thos. M. Egerton, of Winchester, G. S. D.
R. M. Fairleigh, of Hopkinsville, G. J. D.
John L. Leathers, of Louisville, G. Marshal.
J. P. Force, of Christiansburg, G. S. B.
J. B. Blue, of Morganfield, G. P.

HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.—Dr. J. M. Mills, of this city, is at the Hot Springs, Arkansas, where he has gone in search of relief for a painful case of sciatica. From a private letter received by a friend in this city, we are glad to know that he reached there in good condition, notwithstanding the very rough ride by stage from Little Rock, and is encouraged to hope for a substantial cure of his malady. Besides bathing in the water at 90° he drinks it at a temperature of 150°, which is its natural heat as it comes from the springs. He describes the collection of invalids, attracted by the wonderful curative properties of the water from all parts of the world, as sufficient of itself to make one forget his own less grievous afflictions, in their greater sufferings—some being without noses, some without legs, some without eyes, some spotted like the leopard, some wheeled in chairs, and some fitted on beds; some who cannot afford to pay hotel bills are camped out on the mountain side bathing in troughs.

The Springs he says are absolute curiosities. The whole country for miles around shows signs of civilization. Great rocks rent asunder and turned edgewise, deep chasms, absence of vegetation, and the whole surface itself shows that nature has once rent this entire region in twain, and that mighty fires are slumbering below. To look at the streams as they course their way down the mountains and see the steam arising from them, then trace them up to the crevices in the rocks, and find them literally boiling up like a troubled sea, is conclusive evidence that some fiery action is still going on beneath.

GOOD SAWING.—HARD TO BEAT.—On Tuesday last Mr. Fred. B. Starres, sawyer, assisted by Wm. Morhoff, fireman, Adam Huss, setter, R. T. Cravens and Wm. Burnett, off bearers, and Dennis Brown, saw-dust boy, cut on the mills of Messrs. J. S. & L. E. Harvie, in this county, 2,406 feet of lumber within one hour, the first 1,263 feet having been sawed in 20 minutes. The logs cut were—first, 12 feet poplar into 1½ inch boards, 558 feet; second, 12 feet poplar into 2 inch plank, 675 feet; third, 12 feet black ash into 2 inch plank, 322 feet; and fourth, 12 feet poplar into ½ inch weather boarding, 821 feet, in all 2,406 feet. This was done with an engine of only 10 inch bore by 15 inch stroke, with a 48 inch bottom and 30 inch top saw, without lag turner, and with between 85 and 90 pounds of steam. Is there any other sawyer, with the same number of hands, or mill like dimensions as to engine and saws, in the State, that can surpass, or even equal it?

Attention is called to the advertisement of the *AE* at Hartford Insurance Companies, for which Dr. J. M. Mills is agent in this city. It will be seen that they both have large assets after paying all Chicago losses. It will be remembered that the *AE* at Hartford, which is one of the soundest companies in the country, is a different company altogether from the *AE*, of New York, which has been made insolvent by the Chicago fire.

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"WHAT IS SAUCE FOR THE GOOSE IS SAUCE FOR THE GANDER."

The New York Herald of the 11th instant contains the following:

The promptness and energy with which rogues were disposed of during the disorganization and panic of the great fire were eminently characteristic of Chicago, and revealed a touch of the temper of Phil. Sheridan. The laws are silent, not only in the midst of arms, but in the midst of all great emergencies; and for the Chicagoans or Sheridan to have turned over these rascals, who were known thieves, and were pretty certainly known to have committed acts of incendiarism and robbery, to await the decision of even a police magistrate, or the hearing of the statutes on the subject, would have been equivalent to reading the riot act to the Paris *partouze*, or discussing the Constitution with the Piegian Indians. Lamp-posts, long ropes, and short shrifts were the most effective methods of dealing with these fellows, not only on their own accounts, but in deference to the welfare of ambitious coves from afar, who contemplated pursuing the same system of robbery, and probably were even then *en route* for the scene of desolation. Those who were not hanged were very effectively frightened, and will probably keep quiet and virtuous for many weeks hence, out of regard for the narrow escape which an irreverent Providence permitted them to make.

In Frankfort, a short time ago, two negroes were hung for the crimes of *rape* and *murder*, and the Federal authorities are now using every exertion to find the parties who dared to take the law in their hands with a view to punishment. Sheridan, in open daylight, hangs and shoots men who are suspected of *stealing*. What will the Federal Court do in his case?

Two years and a half of General Grant's term of office have expired. During that period there has been collected, in taxes, not less than \$1,000,000,000. In addition he has had \$100,000,000 from the sale of Government property, making \$1,100,000,000 in all. It is claimed by the friends of the President that he has paid off \$200,000,000 of the public debt. Granting that, what has become of the other \$900,000,000? Can any one tell? Seventy millions a year was sufficient, in Democratic days, to run the Government.

Decidedly the cleverest matron in all Europe is the wife of the present King of Denmark. Just consider the fine "snares" she has managed to obtain for her children. One daughter is the future Empress of Russia, the other the future Queen of England; one of her sons is the King of the Greeks, and now the son-in-law of a Czar.

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THE TRI-WEEKLY YEOMAN.

Teaching a Horse to Stop.

When I get a new horse, and that is not very often, I make it my first business to teach that horse to stop suddenly, when I first say "whoa," by gently jerking on the lines, the horse soon begins to understand you. He should be first taught to stop while walking; then stopped on a gentle trot, and finally when driven rapidly. There is a horse in the world that cannot be taught in a day's time to stop, by a short sharp "whoa," without drawing on the lines. And they should learn to do this, just as quick as they can. Presently, no matter how badly frightened the horse is, he will stop when he hears the word. Many horses become unmanageable when they get their tails over the lines; so if anything touches their heels, away they go. To a horse properly taught, the word of the driver should be as potent as the stoutest lines.

Let me illustrate the value of my suggestions, by relating what I have said in this way: Not long since, I purchased a spirited young horse, and the first lesson I gave him was to stop when I spoke to him. Soon after, I hitched him to the buggy, and got into it with all my family. I dare not say how many of us there were, lest some of your readers should envy me. Enough, that with what I had at my side, and on my lap, I could scarcely see the horse.

An unlucky whist of the horse's tail brought the line under it, and quicker than I can tell you, the horse made two sudden bounds, and would have run away, but my timely "whoa" brought everything up standing; and I found the lines fast under the tail as though it were a vice. The united strength of my whole family could hardly have pulled it out. After standing a moment it came out itself. Then the whole family breathed easier, and the reporters of the daily press lost a good item.

One day my horse and buggy were standing in front of my office, and a heedless expressman drove up with a top wagon, and fairly ran on my establishment. The fluttering of the expressman's curtains, and the rattling of his rickety wagon, frightened my horse so badly that he flew back, tore the bits out of his mouth, broke his hitching strap, and started on to run.

Looking out of the window, I saw, with the most indignant eyes, the whole transaction. I sprang to the door and spoke a loud sharp "whoa," and although I was some five or six rods from the horse, he stopped as though he had met a stone wall in his road. I breathed easier again, for I had saved fifty dollars or seventy-five, the amount of the threatened smash-up.

Another day, my horse standing hitched and kicking flies, got his feet entangled and fell down. While struggling to rise, the rump strap broke, and feeling himself loose, he sprang to his feet and started on a lively run, with the buggy in the rear. An old farmer gentle-man just passing instinctively cried out "whoa!" "My gracious, master!" said he, "I never saw the like of that; why, if I had hit that horse over the head with a club, he wouldn't have stopped any quicker. Fine horse, well broken; been one of my horses, sir, your wife would have had plenty of kindling wood. Never stopped a horse that way before."

—Ohio Farmer.

CURE FOR NERVOUS HEADACHE.—A well known Kentucky minister, subject to severe spells of nervous headache, was in our office to other day, said to have an exchange, during one of those attacks. Major Brown, of Mexico, was present, and proposed to relieve him in five minutes, which he did most effectually. The following is the prescription: Take a dessert-spoonful of common soda, such as is used in making bread, and dissolve it thoroughly in a quart of cold water. With this thoroughly shampoo the head for about five minutes, scratching the skin of the head and the back of the neck well with the finger-nails. Then rinse the head with cold water. Major Brown says that he has used this remedy in perhaps a thousand cases since 1853, and never once failed to give relief in five or ten minutes. This remedy is for nervous headache, and is not for those afflictions of the head arising from deranged stomachs.

—A. Rural Home.

UNGROUND BONE.—Some time ago, we saw the use of bones recommended, and a rich growth promised to all who would take precaution to place a piece of bone in the bottom of each pot, when transplanting flowers. Always anxious to adopt every device to promote the well-being of our floral favorites, we determined to try the bone experiment. Knowing that bone-dust is one of the best fertilizers for Fuchsias, when used in moderation, we included several Fuchsias in our experiment. The plants were carefully potted, a piece of bone being placed over the drain. In a short time, the plants began to sicken, and the lives of several fine roses, geraniums, etc., were saved by transferring them to other pots. Instead of finding the fibrous roots twining themselves about the bone, as we were told they would do, they were brown and discolored and shrinking away as fast as possible, with the plant's fine instinct that there was literally "death in the pot."—Kentucky People.

—A. Rural Home.

Soup.—All soups are better to be made with fresh uncooked meat, as that which has been cooked once has lost much of its flavor and nearly all of its juices. It is therefore better economy to hash or dice your cold meat, and buy fresh for soup. Soup should not boil very hard, as that has a tendency to toughen the meat. Fat meat is not so proper nor healthy for soup as the leaner parts of the finest meat. The fat does not impart much flavor, and is not palatable. Soup may be kept till the next day; before it is heated over again, skim off the cake of fat which congeals at the top.

When color on a fabric has been accidentally or otherwise destroyed by acid, ammonia is applied to neutralize the same, after which an application of chloroform will, in almost all cases, restore the original color. The application of ammonia is common, but that of chloroform is but little known. Chloroform will also remove paint from a garment or elsewhere, when benzole, or bisulphide, or carbon fails.

For Red Ants.—John H. Ferguson, of Rensselaer county, N. Y., writes, that he has thoroughly cleared an old house of this pest within the past fifteen years, thus: "Grease a plate with hog's lard, and set it where the ants are troublesome; they will desert the sugar-bowl for the lard. Place a few sticks around the plate for the ants to climb upon. Occasionally turn the plate bottom up over a fire, where there is no smoke, and the ants will drop off into the fire. Reset the plate, and in a few repetitions you will catch all the ants. They trouble nothing while lard is accessible."

Long Wicks.—Cram all the wicks you can into the lamp, fill up the interstices with sponge, and saturate the whole with kerosene. The supply is sufficient for the longest winter's night; as long as any oil remains in the wick the lamp keeps burning. This has been fairly tested. As the wick burns away keep filling up with sponge, and you have the nearest approach to a safety lamp.

River Sand.—Many of our ladies find it inconvenient to procure fine sand for use in potting flowers, raising slips, etc. We have found the coarse sand that washes down from the turnpike to answer every purpose. Indeed, we have tried both, and find that plants potted with the coarse sand are in much better condition than those in soil, mixed with fine sand from the river.—Kentucky People.

Chopped Pickles.—One gallon green tomatoes, chopped fine, four green peppers, three onions, handful of salt sprinkled over them; let them stand six hours, drain off the liquid and add one tablespoonful ground pepper, one of aspic, one of mustard, one half pint of mustard seed, three pints of vinegar.

Why is a tight rope dancer like an epiphany?—Because he's poison in the air.

DIRECTORY.

STATE OFFICERS.
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Secretary of State—A. J. JAMES.
Attorney General—W. H. BOTT.
Auditor—HOWARD SMITH.
Treasurer—JAMES W. TATE.
Register—J. A. GRANT.
Superintendent Public Instruction—H. A. M. HENKELSON.
Adjutant General—JAMES A. DAWSON.
Quartermaster General—FAYETTE HEWITT.
Insurance Commissioner—GUSTAVUS W. SMITH.
State Tax Collector—HENRY T. SEXTON.
Librarian—GEORGE B. CRITTENDEN.
Keeper of Penitentiary—J. W. SOUTH.
Public Printer—S. I. M. MAJOR.
Public Binder—JOHN MARTIN, JR.
Court of Appeals.
Chief Justice—W. S. PRYOR.
Associate Judges—M. R. HARDIN, B. J. PEERS, and WM. LINDSAY.
Reporter—W. P. D. BUSH.
Clerk—ALVIN DUVALL.

CITY DIRECTORY.

Mayor—E. H. TAYLOR, JR.
Police Judge—John B. MAJOR.
Clerk—C. SAYRES.
Attorney—JOHN W. RODMAN.
Treasurer—J. R. GRAHAM.
Marshal—H. HYDE.
Board Common Councilmen—E. H. TAYLOR, JR., A. G. BRAWNER, JAS. G. DUDLEY, B. F. MEEK, A. J. JAMES, W. P. D. BUSH, L. T. TOWIN, M. H. WILLIAMS.
Board School Trustees—G. C. DRANE, D. L. HALY, J. G. HATCHITT.

FRANKLIN CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge—G. C. DRANE.
Commonwealth's Attorney—J. D. LILLARD.
Clerk—WALTER FRANKLIN.
Sheriff—JOSEPH ROBINSON.
Jailer—ROBERT W. LAWLER.
Assessor—PETER JETT.
Coroner—J. R. GRAHAM.
Court convenes Third Monday in February and last Monday in August. Chancery Term—Fourth Monday in June. Fiscal Term—Last Monday in January.

FRANKLIN COUNTY COURT.

Presiding Judge—R. A. THOMSON.
Clerk—JAMES G. CROCKETT.
County Attorney—Ira JULIAN.
Court convenes first Monday in each month.

Franklin County Quarterly Court—Holds its terms on the second Monday in January, April, July, and October.

JUSTICES' COURTS.

First District—Geo. W. Gwin—Second Monday in March, June, September, and December. Philip Swigert—First Saturday in March, June, September, and December. F. D. Reddish, Constable.

Second District—B. F. Head—Fourth Saturday in March, June, September, and December. G. C. Hughes—On Saturday after the First Monday in March, June, September, and December. James Hughes, Constable.

Third District—William Morris—On First Saturday after second Monday in March, June, September and December. Milton Wigginton—On Thursday after second Monday in March, June, September, and December. Flourney Satterwhite, Constable.

Fourth District—U. V. Williams and John W. Jackson—Both on First Saturday in March, June, September, and December. G. B. Harrod, Constable.

Fifth District—Joseph Harrod—Fourth Friday in March, June, September, and December. Nelson Moore—On Third Friday in March, June, September, and December. George Harrod, Constable.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

M. E. CHURCH—S. CUTH—Rev. T. J. DODD, Pastor Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M.

Class Meeting immediately after morning services.

Sunday School—2½ P. M.

Prayer meeting—Thursday, 7 P. M.

Church meeting—Fourth Sunday, 9½ A. M.

Stewards' meetings—Monday 7 P. M.

Sunday School Teachers' meeting—Wednesday 7 P. M.

PRESTON H. LESLIE.

Presbyterian Church—Rev. J. H. NEBBITT, Pastor.

Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M.

Sunday school—2 P. M.

Prayer meeting—Friday, 7 P. M.

Church meeting—Fourth Sunday, 9½ A. M.

Stewards' meetings—Monday 7 P. M.

Sunday School Teachers' meeting—Wednesday 7 P. M.

ASCENSION CHURCH (P. E.)—Rev. L. C. Lance, Rector.

Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M.

Sunday school—2½ A. M.

Divine service—Friday, 4 P. M.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. L. W. SEELEY, D. D. Pastor.

Sunday service—11 A. M.; 7 P. M.

Sunday School—9 A. M.

Prayer meeting—Wednesday, 7 P. M.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Ed. T. N. ARNOLD, Pastor.

Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M.

Sunday school—2½ A. M.

Prayer meeting—Wednesday, 7 P. M.

CATHOLIC CHURCH—Rev. L. YOUNG.

Sunday services—8 A. M.; 10½ A. M.

Divine service every morning at 7.

ASCENSION CHURCH (P. E.)—Rev. L. C. Lance, Rector.

Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M.

Sunday school—2½ A. M.

Divine service—Friday, 4 P. M.

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VISITORS ARE ONLY RECEIVED AT THE Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, on

THURSDAY EVENINGS,

Between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M.

Parents and Guardians having Children in the Institution, and Members of the Legislature are not included in this notice.

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Superintendent.

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